

ER 60-8955

*Card*  
9 NOV 1960

Professor Philip C. Jessup  
Columbia University  
School of Law  
421 West 117th Street  
New York 27, New York

Dear Phil:

I was delighted to see in the paper that you have been elected to a judgeship on the International Court of Justice.

I can think of no one in the United States better qualified to hold one of these important positions, and I know you will find the assignment a challenging and rewarding one.

With every best wish,

Faithfully yours,  
*SIGNED*

Allen W. Dulles  
Director

STAT  
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(EXECUTIVE SECRETARY FILE           J          )

THE WASHINGTON POST Thursday, November 17, 1960

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## Jessup, 4 Other Jurists Elected to World Court

UNITED NATIONS, N. Y., Nov. 16 (UPI)—Philip C. Jessup, professor of international law and diplomacy at Columbia University, was elected today to a 9-year term on the International Court of Justice. Helge Klaestad, Norway, 4; Sir Muhammad Zafrulla Khan, Pakistan, 2, and Enrique C. Armdn-Ugon, Uruguay, 2.

The first five will fill full 9-year terms starting next Feb. 5.

Jessup received the unanimous 11 votes of the Security Council and 77 votes in the General Assembly to win the post. The two bodies met concurrently to elect members of the Court. A sixth judge will be elected to fill the unexpired term of Sir Hersch Lauterpacht, of the United Kingdom, who died May 8. This term expires Feb. 5, 1964.

Jessup would succeed Judge Green H. Hackworth, of the United States, who is retiring.

The Council also gave these four men the required majority for election to regular terms on the court which meets at The Hague, Holland:

Vladimir M. Koretsky, Soviet Union, 9; Gaetano Morelli, Italy, 7; Kotaro Tanaka, Japan, 6, and Raul Sapena Pastor, Paraguay, 6.

The Council gave Jose Luis Bustamante, Peru, 5 votes;

### Work Starts on Reactor

TOKYO, Nov. 16 (AP)—Construction work has started on Japan's first nuclear power station. Britain will supply the reactor. The reactor, capable of generating 166,000 kilowatts of power, will be built at Tokai about 70 miles north of Tokyo. The 79-million-dollar project is expected to be completed by September 1963.